

142 SAVED AS HECTOR SINKS; THREE INJURED

Navy Department Advised That
All Sailors and Marines on
Board Were Rescued.

MEN TAKEN TO CHARLESTON

Destroyer Terry, for Which
Fears Were Felt, Also Makes
Port Under Convoy.

The Navy Department was advised today that the 142 sailors and marines taken from the wrecked naval collier Hector have been safely landed at Charleston, S. C.

All the men were picked up by the lighthouse tender Cypress and tug Wilmington from boats. They reached Charleston at 8 o'clock this morning. The chief engineer, one fireman, and a carpenter were injured.

DESTROYER IN.

The destroyer Terry, which went aground recently off the Dominican coast, and was under convoy of the tug Relief, also reached Charleston today.

It was feared last night the Terry would be wrecked in the storm which broke the Hector in two.

Rescue of the Hector's twelve officers and crew of seventy and the sixty marines on board was credited as another achievement for the wireless. Radiograms were broadcasted from the coast guard cutter Seminole, the Alamo, the Cypress, the Relief, the Somerset, the Vigilant, the Wilmington and the Paducah to the aid of the sinking vessel, saving all lives on board. The vessel itself, which was built at Baltimore and cost approximately \$500,000, is a total loss.

COLLIER ABANDONED AS WRECK BY CREW

Every One Aboard Saved, Wireless Messages Assert.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 15.—With the naval collier Hector broken in two by yesterday's storm and abandoned, radio messages early today brought word to the navy yard that all on board had been saved.

The crew and the company of marines carried by the Hector were taken aboard the tug Wilmington and the lighthouse tender Cypress shortly before daylight.

The Hector was abandoned at 12:45 a. m., seven miles northeast of Cape Romano. When last seen she was a total wreck. All who were aboard, including G. F. Newell, her master, are proceeding to Charleston aboard the rescue vessel.

Sends Call for Aid.

At 3:05 yesterday afternoon the Hector first flashed her distress call, saying she was fourteen miles south of Charleston, with a list of ten degrees starboard. Twenty minutes later she sent another S. O. S., with the cry "Believe we are sinking."

The steamer Alamo immediately sped to her assistance and was followed quickly by the tug Vigilant. Captain Hunt, of the latter vessel, reported, however, that he was unable to get within three miles of the Hector and that the conditions prevented her from communicating with the Alamo by wireless.

Just after the wireless telling that the Hector was sinking the latter flashed to the navy yard, "Crew to leave, send help," and nothing further was heard until 3:55, when Newell wirelessly said: "Hector aground ten miles southeast Charleston lights. Breaking in two. Rush help."

Ten minutes later the last message, "Send help at once," was sent the Alamo, which was standing by. "I am the wireless station," it said.

Immediately upon the receipt of the Hector's first distress call at Charleston, calls for the Arlington, and radio station were heard asking assistance to go to the Hector's assistance. The Hector had left Fort Avoia for Santo Domingo, carrying marine reinforcements.

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Warrenton Man Killed Self, Verdict

Coroner's Jury Reaches Decision in Mystery After Thorough Consideration.

WARRENTON, Va., July 15.—The coroner's jury sitting in the case of Thomas E. Fattis, who was found dying July 7 on the railroad tracks here, with several wounds in his head, last night rendered a verdict of suicide.

There was evidence that the aged man was suffering from melancholia, and that he had expressed the purpose to take his life by jumping in front of a train.

The coroner's jury reported it found it difficult to understand how the deceased was struck by a train, yet decided it was not a physical impossibility for the injuries to have been received this way.

There was no evidence to show foul play.

The coroner's jury was assisted in the investigation by Commonwealth's Attorney G. Latham Fletcher.

Potomac River Has No Man Eaters

Commandant Glennan, of Navy
Yard, Gives Assuring
Information.

There is no sharks in the Potomac near Washington, nor are there likely to be.

Such is the statement of naval officers who have had long experience in these waters. Capt. J. H. Glennan, commandant of the Navy Yard today exploded the idea that sharks might come up the Potomac as far as Washington.

They come up beyond York Spit very seldom. I don't ever remember having seen one above there. I can say most positively that there are no man-eaters in the bay.

"A man-eater is a shark that can't make a living any other way," was Captain Glennan's definition of this predatory variety of shark. He told of how swimming with the sharks all around sailors at Guantanamo Bay went in but the sharks never bothered them. They were mud sharks, which were peaceable and timid in disposition.

TO ANNOUNCE BOARD ON MEXICO PEACE

Agreement on Appointment of
International Commission
Reached.

Formal announcement will be made in a few days of the appointment of an international commission of three Americans and three Mexicans to draw up a plan for adjustment of border difficulties between the United States and Mexico.

Practical agreement on selection of the commission was reached at informal conferences between Acting Secretary of State Frank L. Polk and Eliseo Arredondo, the Mexican ambassador-designate.

The commission will meet in this country, probably at some seaside resort. Its personnel has not been decided upon.

Although Mr. Polk is understood to have been inclined to select an American and a Mexican, the commission will not be an immediate withdrawal of American forces from Mexico. It is understood the American Government is willing that such withdrawal shall be made if the plan to draw on operates successfully in providing for the proper policing of northern Mexico.

It is also understood that Secretary Polk has taken the position that the commission's decision shall not of itself be binding on the two governments, but will be submitted for approval.

\$18,500 a Year for Girl of 16 Too Much

So Rules Surrogate When Lorena
Carroll Itemizes Necessities
of the Wealthy.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Surrogate Fowler denied yesterday the plea of Lorena Carroll, sixteen years old, of 57 West Seventy-fifth street, for an annual allowance of \$18,500 from the estate of her father, Joseph D. Carroll, who died November 23, 1912, leaving a fortune of \$1,000,000.

This is what the girl listed in her affidavit as the least possible amount required for a child in her station of life.

Automobile, chauffeurs, etc., \$3,500. Traveling, vacations, social parties, luncheons, theaters, and spending money, \$2,000.

Wearing apparel and toilet articles, \$1,000.

Household expenses, telephones, flowers and gifts, \$2,500.

Rent, \$2,500.

Education, including private tuition in French and music, \$2,000.

Physicians, oculists, dentist and medicines, \$1,000.

Incidentals, \$500.

Lorena's mother set forth in a second affidavit that she cannot provide for the child's needs, as she receives only the income of a \$100,000 trust fund under her husband's will. This is barely enough, she says, to pay her rent.

Harvey to Review Guardsmen Today

Report Current That General
Leonard Wood Will Also
See Troops.

Washingtonians will be given opportunity this afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock to see the entire District militia reviewed by Gen. William E. Harvey on the drill field at Fort Myer.

It has been reported several times that Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding officer of the Department of the East, would also review the troops, but nothing official regarding General Wood's presence today is known in the mobilization camp.

The two companies of infantry, two batteries of field artillery, troops of cavalry, machine gun company, and supply company, as well as the band, will participate in the review. This is the first and probably will be the only review of the entire militia on the Fort Myer drill field.

It is expected that a large crowd will go to Fort Myer to witness the impressive and spectacular military ceremony. The Washington and Virginia railway will operate special cars from Aqueduct bridge to the drill field, to get visitors there between 4 and 5 o'clock this afternoon.

British Steamer Junin Ashore Near Cape Henry

NORFOLK, Va., July 15.—The British steamer Junin, is aground on Cape Henry, not far from the channel through which the German submarine freighter Deutschland must pass on her coming dash to sea. The Junin is in no danger. The coast guard cutter Onondaga and several tugs have gone to her assistance.

SHARK BREAKS MATAWAN NET; FLEES TO SEA

"Tiger of Sea" Expected to Return to Scene of Growsome
Raid Soon.

FOUR MORE STILL IN CREEK

Man-Eater Goes Through Barrier in Creek Like a Torpedo and Escapes.

MATAWAN, N. J., July 15.—Bucking the line like a football halfback, a giant shark plunged through the chicken wire net that penned it in Matawan creek, and escaped to the ocean last night.

The fish, believed to be the same one that killed a man and a boy in a savage raid in the creek Wednesday, eluded thousands of persons who made up a shark posse and who lined the banks ready to club or hack it to death.

The chicken wire net was stretched across the narrow Matawan creek at Keyport, where the creek empties into Raritan bay.

Not Strong Enough.

Fishermen thought it stout enough to repel the most powerful lunges of the man-eater. They were wrong. Just before the moon was eclipsed the shark made his dash for liberty.

No armor-piercing shell ever shot through an obstacle with greater velocity than the shark drove his sharp snout through the net.

Reports from the Amboy were to the effect that a second shark passed there earlier in the evening. It is believed that the escaped shark joined his mate and that the terrible pair are now cruising near some part of the Jersey shore.

Scott Hopkins, a Keyport fisherman, saw the shark make his escape. Watchers say there are still at least four sharks bottled up in the creek. All night they were sought for with dynamite, shotguns and spears by determined shark hunters, who want to avenge W. Stanley Fisher and Lester Stillwell, the most recent victims.

Shark experts say it is probable that the shark will seek to return to Matawan creek in search of more prey. The funerals of Stillwell and Fisher will be held here this afternoon.

Patrol of Matawan creek was resumed early today by several men carrying long pikes. It was not expected, however, that further dynamiting would be done, and today's task may be one of "watchful waiting."

Gives Up Hunt.

Capt. Edward Craven, agen ex-ecut captain, who has been one of the leaders of the shark-hunt, gave up completely today.

Acting Mayor Henderson has offered a reward of \$100 for the capture of the shark, and a pro-rata reward should more than one of the man-eaters be killed. A movement is on foot to persuade Governor Fisher to offer a reward on behalf of the State. In the meantime great interest centers here in the steps to be taken by the Government. It is expected revenue cutters will soon patrol the Jersey coast.

Franz Josef Dying, Says Zurich Report

Members of Austrian Imperial
Family Summoned to His
Bedside.

ZURICH (via Paris), July 15.—The Austrian imperial family has been summoned to Schenbrunn because of the illness of the Emperor Franz Josef, according to news dispatches from Innsbruck. Several specialists are attending the aged king-emperor, and the news of the war is being withheld from him.

Numerous reports have been received concerning the illness of the Austrian monarch. A dispatch from London on June 17, said "The People," a London publication, printed an interview with a reliable neutral who had been visiting from Vienna, and who expressed the firm conviction that the Emperor was dead.

The neutral said that during demonstrations in Vienna the Emperor, instead of stepping out on the balcony of the palace, was lifted up in a chair. Although he was exposed to the view of the people for some time he made no motion. In the opinion of "The People's" informant the Emperor was dead, and his embalmed body was being used to quiet the people of the capital by the pro-German element.

Four great tragedies have marked the reign of Franz Josef. The last of these, the assassination of his nephew and heir, the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, at Sarajevo, on June 28, 1914, led to the great war.

GOULD ISSUES M'LEAN CASE

Restraints Francis T. Homer
From Delivering Personal
Letters to Executors.

WILL KEEP NOTES PRIVATE

July 21 Is Date Set for Baltimore Attorney to Answer Rule in District Court.

Justice Gould, of the Supreme Court, on the petition of Edward B. McLean, today ordered Francis T. Homer, of Baltimore, to show cause why he should not turn over to the petitioner all letters of a personal and private nature now in his possession which were found among the effects of the late John R. McLean.

This is the beginning of an effort on the part of Mr. McLean to prevent any of the private and strictly personal affairs of his father becoming public property through legal proceedings that will result from his attempt to upset the McLean will.

The suit is in the nature of a friendly action. The petition filed by Mr. McLean today states that Mr. Homer has in his possession a number of letters that do not in any way pertain to the property or any property rights conveyed to the American Security and Trust Company, as executor of the estate under the will.

WAS TO DESTROY LETTERS.

The petitioner further states that his father requested him and Mr. Homer to destroy these letters immediately on his death, and it was never his intention that the letters should pass into order today. Mr. McLean said.

The petition was presented to Judge Gould who immediately signed an order restraining Mr. Homer from delivering the letters to the executor and requiring him to show cause on July 21 why the order should not be permanent.

When asked for further details concerning his application for a restraining order today, Mr. McLean said: "The correspondence referred to should not, in my opinion, be brought into any legal action, nor will it be if there is any way by which I can prevent it. This part of my father's correspondence is altogether of a personal nature."

"My attorneys have advised me, however, that such of these letters as have bearing on the legal points in controversy are of far greater value to my side of the case than they could possibly be to that of the trust company."

Would Not Use Them.

"Under no circumstances, however, would I consent to using them to aid my case, and I shall not permit them to be introduced in evidence on the other side, if I can prevent it by any legal process. I am absolutely determined that these letters shall not be exhibited to the public, even to win my lawsuit."

ROBERT BACON TO BE LIEUT. IN MILITIA

MALLEN, Tex., July 15.—Robert Bacon, former Secretary of State and former Ambassador to France, has been commissioned a second lieutenant in the Twelfth New York Infantry, according to reliable information here. He is now on his way to Meadville to be assigned to the machine gun company of that regiment. His son, Robert Bacon, Jr., is also in camp here as a lieutenant in the First Field Artillery.

Mr. Bacon who was a rookie at Plattsburgh last year and carried a gun at the business men's camp at Fort Oglethorpe again this spring, was also selected as one of the quartermasters in the proposed Roosevelt division. He is chairman of the executive committee of the National Security League.

U. S. PREPARING TO INITIATE PEACE MOVE

BERLIN, July 15.—The United States is confidentially sounding American ambassadors regarding internal conditions in Europe and the public attitude toward peace, the Amsterdam correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung reports, with the object of initiating a peace move.

A German Amsterdam correspondent said he received this news from a reliable source in London.

Chaplain Retired With The Rank of Major

The Rev. George F. Dudley, pastor of St. Stephens Protestant Episcopal Church, was retired from active service as chaplain of the Third Infantry, District National Guard by President Wilson today.

Chaplain Dudley's retirement was made upon his own application under provisions of the law passed in 1909, which enables an officer of the District militia to retire after six years' service. Chaplain Dudley will retire with the rank of major.

James Hay Named for Court of Claims, Will Retire From Congress

Chairman of House Military Affairs Committee to Succeed
Judge Atkinson.

SEEN AS POLITICAL MOVE

Administration Said to Want to
Get Virginia Legislator Out
of Capitol.

Congressman James Hay, of Virginia, chairman of the House Committee on Military Affairs, was named today by President Wilson as a member of the United States Court of Claims to succeed Judge George W. Atkinson, of West Virginia, who retires.

Mr. Hay will retire from Congress.

Although the announcement will come as a surprise to many persons in Washington, it is understood to mark the result of an effort of several months to find a place for Mr. Hay and get him out of Congress, where his policies as chairman of the Military Affairs Committee have more or less clashed with those of the Administration.

Another moving factor in the situation is the fact that the Independents and Republicans of Mr. Hay's home district have united behind State Senator Paul, an Independent Republican, in a determined fight to unseat Hay. While it is thought likely that the latter might have won out in the long run, the fight promised to be an exceedingly expensive one.

Pays \$6,000 a Year.

The new position to which the Virginia Congressman is named pays a salary of \$6,000 and has a life tenure. If he so desires Mr. Hay at the end of ten years can retire on a pension. His departure from the position of chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee will curtail the close of a stormy career. Chosen chairman about five or six years ago by virtue of seniority, Mr. Hay has been the storm center of every controversy that has been waged in connection with army affairs. A man of extreme prejudices, he has been a "strong arm" man and always a foe of the General Staff.

It was because of his bitter opposition to former Secretary of War Lindley M. Garrison, and his participation in the national guard as against the regular army, that he was able last winter to secure the passage of a bill for new legislation and force the President to withdraw his active support from the so-called continental army plan of Mr. Garrison. In consequence of this the latter resigned from the Cabinet.

There is a suspicion in many quarters that Mr. Hay's retirement is a compromise with Senator Charles B. Dingley, chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, and other big army men of the Senate. Mr. Hay's original army plan practically allowed no increase whatever in the regular army establishment and proposed to spend all the money on the militia.

Foe of General Wood.

He was an inveterate foe of Major Gen. Leonard Wood when the latter was chief of staff of the army, and in the famous Alsmith-Wood row, representing the fight in the War Department between the bureau chiefs and the general staff, Mr. Hay took sides with Adjutant General Alsmith. In fact it was generally supposed that Mr. Hay got all of (Continued on Second Page.)

Provides Increase In Military Offices

Deficiency Bill Carries Appropriation for War and Navy
Department Clerks.

Funds for a large addition to the clerical force in the War and Navy Departments will be provided in the deficiency bill, which the Appropriations committee will report within a few days. The bill will carry approximately \$500,000 for additional clerks in the War and Navy Department. This large addition was made necessary by increases in the military establishment provided for in the national defense bill.

The general deficiency bill will carry about \$17,000,000. The War department is scheduled to receive \$555,000 for extra clerks, and the Navy department \$250,000.

The bill will contain an appropriation of \$35,000 for longevity pay for public school teachers of the district, which was asked for several weeks ago.

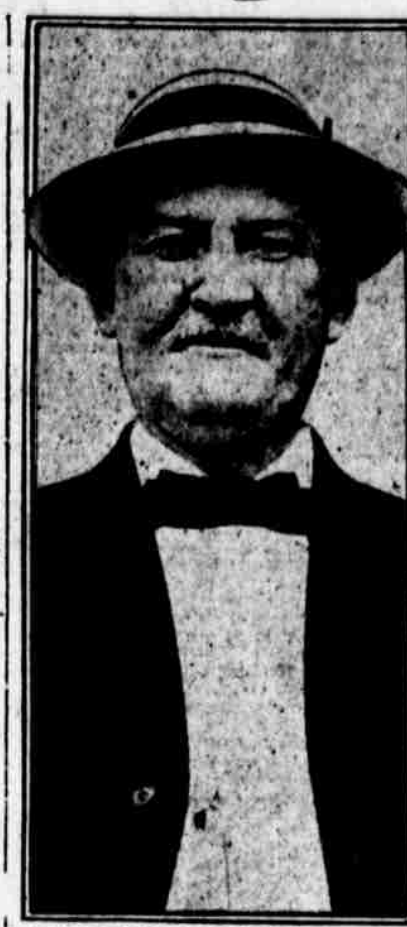
Refuses to Obey Carranza's Orders

General Trevino May Become
Military Leader of Chihuahua State.

EL PASO, Tex., July 14.—Gen. Jacinto B. Trevino loomed up today as the strongest military leader in Chihuahua state. He refused to obey orders of First Chief Carranza to make certain arrests and of War Minister Obregon to resign as commander of the de facto army in Chihuahua.

With 20,000 troops, loyal to Trevino, he is said to have forced a "back-down" and will remain loyal. Efforts to bring about Trevino's court-martial failed, as the army would not oppose him and he threatened to join with Villa.

Gen. Ignacio Enriquez, appointed by Obregon to replace Trevino, has been recalled. Enriquez probably will be placed in the cabinet as minister of public instruction.



CONGRESSMAN JAMES HAY.

GERMANS NOW FEAR TURKS WILL DESERT

Americans Say That Berlin Is
Worried Over Probability of
Ally Suing for Peace.

CAIRO, July 15.—The famous city of Mecca, the most holy place of the Mohammedan world, has surrendered to the Arabian rebels, according to dispatches received here today. The Turkish garrison of 100 officers and 2,500 men and 150 civil officials laid down their arms.

ROME, July 15.—Germans are worrying now over the possibility that Turkey may desert the Central Powers, while they are under attack on all sides and sue for peace, according to New York salesmen who arrived here today from Berlin.

The two New Yorkers did not profess to have any information from German official sources, but detailed the discussion heard in German restaurants and gathering places. They asked that names be withheld because they have business interests in Germany.

Several Americans who desire to go to Turkey on business, have been detained in Berlin for three weeks, while their credentials are closely scrutinized, the two Americans said. They reported that the Balkan express was devoted almost exclusively to carrying military, and that all civilians who asked permission to go to Turkey were viewed with suspicion.

More Draconic Rules.

The German authorities have imposed more draconic regulations to curb spies, they said. On entering Germany they were forced to strip and submit to an examination with X-ray to prove that messages were not written on their skin in invisible ink.

The popular belief in Berlin is that the spy regulations have something to do with preparations for another big naval battle, possibly late in July or August.

The New Yorkers said that the "man in the street" with whom they talked in Berlin has come to realize that Germany can achieve no final victory, and will be satisfied with a peace that brings a draw.

There is much dissatisfaction over the food situation, they said, the chief complaint being that the Germans are suffering from the food shortage than the poorer class. In the evening wealthy Berliners crowd the first-class hotels for a substantial meal.

Dinner in the average Berlin hotel costs about \$2, and breakfast and lunch about \$1.25, the Americans said, but some of the articles on the menu card run very high. Even in moderate-priced hotels a peach, for instance, costs 25 cents, they reported.

Urges Use of Fish.

Though the fields are full of cattle the authorities are urging that fish be eaten in order to preserve the meat supply against the possibility of a long war.

Potatoes and vegetables, they said, are being planted in every vacant spot, even in the public parks and along the railroad tracks.

There has been no diminution of the anti-American feeling, they reported. Even employees of the hotel, at which they were stopping, confessed that Germany would have won the war months ago had it not been for American munitions.

The Americans said that one peace demonstration occurred at Karlsruhe while they were in Berlin.

ITALIAN DESTROYER SUNK BY SUBMARINE

Austrian Admiralty Reports Sinking Ship to Bottom.

BERLIN (via wireless to Saville, L. I.), July 15.—An Italian destroyer of the Indomito type was sunk last Monday afternoon by an Austrian submarine, according to an official statement from the Austrian admiralty received here today.

BRITISH FORCE GERMANS BACK TO THIRD LINE

Teutons Also Retire on French
Front to Avoid Trap by British Armies.

SMASHING BLOWS CONTINUE

Haig Reports Ten Thousand
of Enemy Have Been Captured Since Drive Began.

BERLIN, July 15.—"Despite severe losses, the British succeeded in penetrating our lines between Pozieres and Longueval, gaining ground and occupying the Trones wood," said an official statement issued this afternoon.

LONDON, July 14.—The Germans at one point have been forced back to the third line of their defense under smashing British blows, four miles behind their original front, General Haig reported to the war office this afternoon.

Paris dispatches reported the Germans have retired on the French front, adjoining the British, to the Guillemont-Albert-Comblès railway. Retreat was made necessary by the British advance.

"We have pushed our rear from Fricourt to Mametz, capturing 2,000 prisoners in twenty-four hours."

"The total number of prisoners since the beginning of our offensive is now 10,000."

LINE IS STRAIGHTENED.

The strategic importance of the British successes is marked by the straightening of their line in conformity with that of the French, who had hitherto advanced at a much greater speed than their allies. The statements of press correspondents at the front that the British losses were comparatively small, and the brief preliminary artillery preparation for the attack, give strong support to statements that the German second line was much less vigorously fortified than their first defenses.

Fierce counter attacks made by the Germans, in an effort to reconquer some of the ground captured by the British in today's drive, were completely crushed by the British fire.

The reference to the advance made by the rear from Fricourt to Mametz emphasized the gains made by the British in the fighting yesterday. The first and second British lines apparently have advanced well beyond Mametz with the third running through the woods where desperate fighting occurred.

German Attacks Slow Up.

No important new gains since the issuance of last night's official statement were claimed, nor were they expected. Unofficial dispatches from the front had reported that heavy German counter-attacks had slowed up the momentum of the British advance, though the British were maintaining the positions captured yesterday.

The British encountered most stubborn resistance after breaking through the German second line, and were met by steady shots of machine gun fire in the district north of Longueval. Notwithstanding this determined opposition the British troops continued to consolidate their positions and break down small German positions in fighting that continued well into the night.

The newly conquered positions, in some cases on the slopes of rolling hills whose ridges are held by the Germans, are being made ready for defense against even stronger enemy attacks.

The Germans poured a hot artillery barrage upon the southern fringe of the village of Ovillers throughout yesterday's fighting after most of the town itself had fallen into British hands. Correspondents at the British front reported hundreds of bodies lie buried beneath the ruins of the town.

GERMANS REPULSED IN VERDUN REGION

In Apremont Forest French Curtain Fire Checked Advances.

PARIS, July 15.—The repulse of minor German attacks northwest and southeast of Verdun was reported by the war office today, but no important actions on the Somme front were chronicled in the official communiqué.

On the west bank of the Meuse, the French repulsed a German grenade attack on a trench northeast of Apremont. On the east bank of the river, violent artillery duels occurred in the sector of Fleury. The French dispersed several German reconnoissances.

In Apremont forest, French curtain fire checked several attempted enemy advances.